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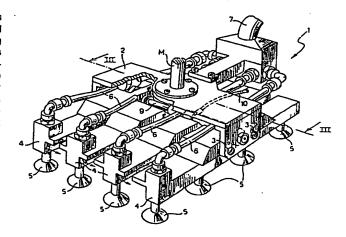
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Pick-up device, particularly for automatic lifting and conveying apparatus for plants for the packaging of food products.

The device comprises a plurality of pick-up members (5), preferably of the suction type, each of which is intended to take hold of a respective article in an array comprising rows arranged in at least one direction. The device includes a plurality of generally elongate and mutually parallel support members (4) which are intended to be oriented in the direction of the rows of articles in use. Each support member (4) carries an associated respective row of pick-up members (5) extending longitudinally of the member itself. Drive means (9) enable the distance between adjacent support members (4) to be varied so as to allow them to be adapted selectively to the spacing between the rows of articles. More particularly, this distance may be varied while the device is transferring the articles supported by the pick-up members (5) to a package so as to adapt the separation between the rows of articles to the dimensions of the package itself. Provision is made for the possibility of selectively varying the distance between the pick-up members (5) of each support member (4).

The preferred application is to the packaging of food products such as confectionery products.



Pick-up device, particularly for automatic lifting and conveying apparatus for plants for the packaging of food products.

The present invention relates to pick-up devices and relates particularly to pick-up devices including a plurality of pick-up members.

In general, each of these pick-up members is intended to take hold of a respective article in an array comprising rows arranged in at least one direction. The device according to the invention has been developed for possible use in the field of automatic lifting and conveyor apparatus for a plant for the packaging of food products, for example, confectionery products such as chocolates, chocolate eggs, etc.

The object of the present invention is to provide a pick-up device in which it is possible to adapt the relative position between the pick-up members easily to the spacing between the rows of articles which are to be held, as well as to vary the relative position selectively during the transport of the articles so as to adapt it to the dimensions of a conveyor line or a package in which the articles are subsequently to be deposited.

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According to the present invention, this object is achieved by a pick-up device of the type specified above, characterised in that it comprises:

- a plurality of generally elongate and mutually
 25 parallel support members, each of which carries an
 associated respective row of pick-up members extending
 longitudinally of the support member itself, and
- drive means interposed between the support members and able, when activated, to move the support 30 members towards and away from each other.

The invention will now be described, purely by way of non-limiting example, with reference to the appended drawings, in which:

Figure 1 shows diagrammatically automatic lifting and conveying apparatus provided with a pick-up device according to the invention,

Figure 2 is a partially cut-away perspective view of a pick-up device according to the invention,

Figure 3 is a section taken on the line III-III of 10 Figure 2,

Figure 4 illustrates diagrammatically a further development of the pick-up device of the invention, and

Figure 5 is a section taken on the line V-V of Figure 4.

- In Figure 1, automatic apparatus (automaton or robot) which enables the transfer of articles, constituted, for example, by chocolate, chocolate eggs, etc., from a first conveyor line L₁ to a second conveyor line L₂ is generally indicated T.
- The conveyor line L_1 is constituted essentially by a conveyor belt on which a continuous array of articles A advances in parallel rows perpendicular to the direction of advance of the articles A on the conveyor.
- For simplicity of illustration, reference will be made here only to the rows indicated A₁, A₂, A₃, etc., which are parallel to each other are extend perpendicular to the direction of advance of the articles.

In the embodiment illustrated, these rows, which are separated by a predetermined interval or spacing P, are substantially straight. The term "row" as used in the present specification and in the following claims, however, will be understood to extend, in addition, to different types of rows, such as, for example, zig-zag rows.

The second conveyor line L₂ is constituted essentially by another conveyor belt on which a continuous flow of loves S moves. Each box S has within it a support plate having cells each intended to receive an article A.

The cells of the box S define an array comprising regular rows B₁, B₂, B₃ ... which are parallel to each other and, in the case shown by way of example, are in the form of straight rows extending perpendicular to the direction of advance of the articles A on the conveyor line L₂. The rows of cells B₁, B₂, B₃... are separated by a spacing or interval Q which is usually of a different magnitude from the spacing P between the adjacent rows of articles A on the conveyor line L₁.

The conveyor line L_2 extends in correspondence with the output or discharge end of the first line L_1 with the direction of advance of the boxes S perpendicular to the direction of advance of the articles A on the line L_1 .

The apparatus T is disposed at an angle between the two lines L_1 , L_2 and is constituted essentially by a column or pillar C having an arm D pivoted at its end in a generally flag-like configuration. As a result of pivoting about the central axis of the pillar or column 30 C, the free end of the arm D describes a circular path

having an angular extent of about 90°. The free end of the arm D may thus reciprocate between a first operating position and a second operating position illustrated respectively in full outline and in broken outline in Figure 1.

In the first operating position, the free end of the arm D lies over the output end of the first conveyor line L_1 . In the second operating position, however, it lies over the second conveyor line L_2 .

10 On the free end of the pivoted arm D is mounted a fluid operated jack M with a downwardly-projecting rod which is movable vertically and carries at its lower end a pick-up device, generally indicated 1.

The operating sequence of the apparatus T (controlled by electronic and fluid control devices, not illustrated) provides for the cyclic repetition of the following phases:

- pivoting of the arm D towards the first operating position with the pick-up device l in a raised position conveyor lines L_1 and L_2),
 - lowering of the pick-up device l towards the conveyor line L_1 with take-up of the articles A by the device l,
- return of the pick-up device 1 (and of the 25 articles A held thereby) to the raised position relative to the conveyor line L_1 ,
 - rotation of the arm D to the second operating position with transfer of the articles towards the conveyor line L_2 ,
- 30 lowering of the pick-up device l towards the second conveyor line L₂ with the consequent release of the articles A and their deposition in the boxes S, and

- return of the pick-up device 1 to the raised position relative to the conveyor line L_2 .

Thus, as best seen in Figures 2 and 3, the device 1 includes a frame 2 which has a generally forked configuration and is supported centrally by the rod of the jack M.

The two ends or arms of the frame 2 are connected by two tubular guides 3 on which a plurality (four in the embodiment illustrated) of substantially identical support members 4 are slidable. Each of the members 4 is generally elongate and has a row of pick-up members 5 beneath it.

In the embodiment illustrated, the pick-up members 5 are of the suction type generally used for handling 15 delicate or fragile articles.

In practice, each member 5 is constituted essentially by a suction cup into which opens a respective suction tube 6 terminating at a main suction pipe 7. The latter is connected in its turn to a subatmospheric ("vacuum") pressure source, such as, for example, a vacuum pump.

Between the support members 4, which are substantially parallel to each other, are helical springs 8 fitted on the guides 3 which extend generally perpendicular to the direction in which the support members 4 extend.

The springs 8 act as resilient means biassing the support members 4 apart. The moving apart induced by the springs 8, however, is opposed by a further fluid jack 9 which acts between one of the ends or arms of the forked frame 2 and the support member 4 furthest

from this end.

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In other words, the support members 4 and the springs 8 together form a pack which is resiliently compressible by the jack 9.

- Consequently, actuation of the jack 9 can cause the support members 4 to move towards or away from each other, causing a corresponding movement of the adjacent rows of pick-up members 5 mounted thereon towards or away from each other.
- It is thus possible to adjust the relative position of the support members 4 selectively so that the respective rows of pick-up members 5 are in the exact positions required for precise take-up of the articles A from the conveyor line L₁ for subsequent transfer to the boxes S.

Furthermore, during the pivoting of the arm D from the first to the second operating position, it is possible to activate the jack 9 so as to vary the relative positions of the support members 4 so as to increase or decrease the spacing between the adjacent rows of products A supported by the pick-up members 5 according to requirements.

More particularly, in the embodiment referred to in Figure 1, if the jack 9 is operated to cause its axial contraction, the separation can be reduced from the value corresponding to the separation P between the rows A_1 , A_2 ... on the first conveyor line L_1 to a value equal to the separation Q between adjacent rows B_1 , B_2 ...of cells in the boxes S.

After the articles A have been deposited in the boxes S and the device 1 has been returned to the raised position above the conveyor line L_2 , the jack 9 can be activated again to cause its extension, enabling the support members 4 to move away from each other under the resilient force of the springs 8.

In other words, the pick-up device according to the invention may be likened to a sort of hand provided with suction pick-up fingers which can be brought together or moved apart in at least one direction by means of the jack 9 controlled through a pneumatic line 10.

Figures 4 and 5 illustrate schematically a development of the pick-up device of the invention in which it is also possible to vary the distance between the pick-up members 5 associated with each support member 4 in addition to the distance between the adjacent support members 4.

Figures 4 and 5 relate, for simplicity of illustration, 20 to pick-up device including four support members 4 each provided with only two pick-up members 5.

In the variant of Figures 4 and 5, the support members 4 are each constituted by two parts 4a and 4b of which one (the part 4b in the embodiment illustrated) is slidable on a guide 11 fixed to the other part 4a and extending perpendicular to the guides 3.

A plate member, indicated 12, is supported by the frame 2 and is provided with four slots 13 (one for each support member 4) extending in a direction generally 30 inclined to the guides 3 and the guides 11.

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In each support member 4, the "movable" part 4b has an appendage 14 which is slidably engaged in the corresponding slot 13.

Each slot 13 acts as a ramp body or member which, as a result of the movement of each support member 4 along the guides 3, causes the movement of the respective movable part 4b on the guide 11.

More particularly, each slot 13 is essentially straight and has an extent in the direction of the guides 11 substantially equal to the length of the movement of the movable parts 4b on the guides 11 themselves. The extent of each slot 13 in the direction of the guides 3, however, is equal to the length of the sliding movement of the corresponding support member 4 on the 15 guides 3.

This latter dimension of the slots 13 is thus at a minimum in the case of the slot 13 associated with the support member 4 closest to the region in which the jack 9 is connected to the frame 2 and gradually 20 increases for the slots 13 associated with the other support members 4 in the direction of movement away from the point of connection between the jack 9 and the frame 2.

As has been seen above (see Figure 3 for this purpose)

25 the jack 9 acts between one of the ends of the forked
frame 2 and the support member 4 furthest from this
end. The coordinated, proportionate movement of the
other support members 4 (intended to ensure that the
distances between the various support members 4 remain

30 equal, although varying as a result of the operation of

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the jack 9) is in fact ensured by the resilient behaviour of the springs 8.

The function of the slots 13 illustrated in Figure 4 is thus to ensure that, when the support members 4 move away from each other, each movable part 4b is moved correspondingly away from the respective fixed part 4a.

In a complementary manner, the moving together of the support members 4 caused by a contraction of the jack 9

10 has the effect of causing a corresponding moving together of the fixed and movable parts 4a and 4b of each support member. The pick-up device of Figures 4 and 5 is thus able to expand and contract selectively in two directions, selectively varying the separation

15 between adjacent rows of pick-up members 5 and the distance between the adjacent pick-up members 5 in each row.

CLAIMS

- 1. Pick-up device comprising a plurality of pick-up members (5), characterised in that includes:
- a plurality of generally elongate and mutually parallel support members (4), each of which carries an associated respective row of pick-up members (5) extending longitudinally of the support member (4) itself, and
- drive means (8, 9) acting on the support members (4) and able, when activated, to move the support 10 members (4) towards and away from each other.

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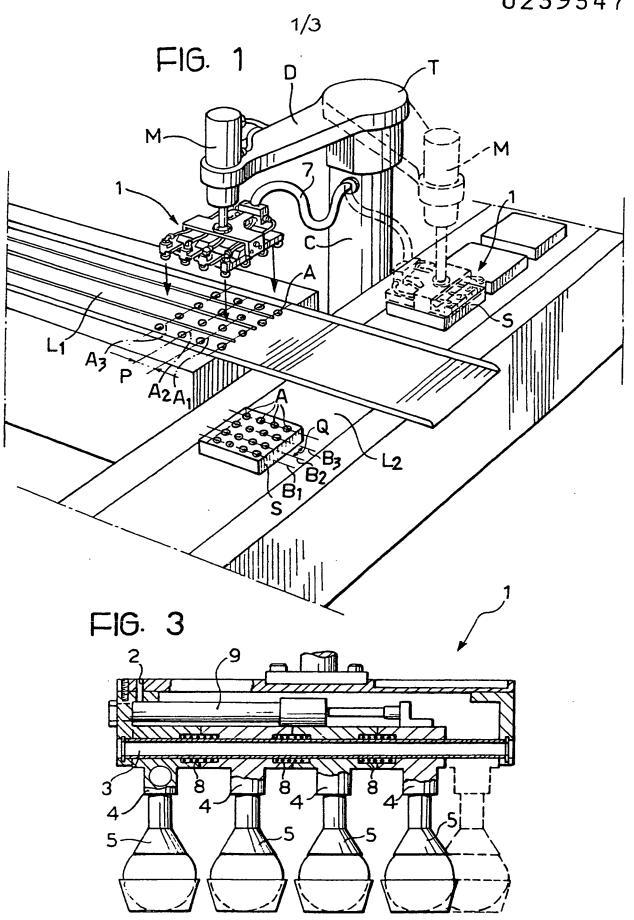
- Device according to Claim 1, characterised in that it includes a frame (2) having guide means (3) extending substantially perpendicular to the support members (4) for guiding the sliding movement of the support members (4) themselves.
- 3. Device according to Claim 1 or Claim 2. characterised in that resilient means (8) interposed between the support members (4) generally pack-like configuration, the resilient means 20 biassing adjacent support members (4) away from other, and in that at least one drive member (9) provided which acts to move adjacent support members (4) towards each other against the action of the resilient means (8).
- 25 4. Device according to Claim 2 or Claim 3, characterised in that it includes at least one drive member (9) acting between the frame (2) and at least one of the support members (4) so as to cause the support members (4) to slide on the guide means (3).
- 30 5. Device according to any one of Claims 1 to 4.

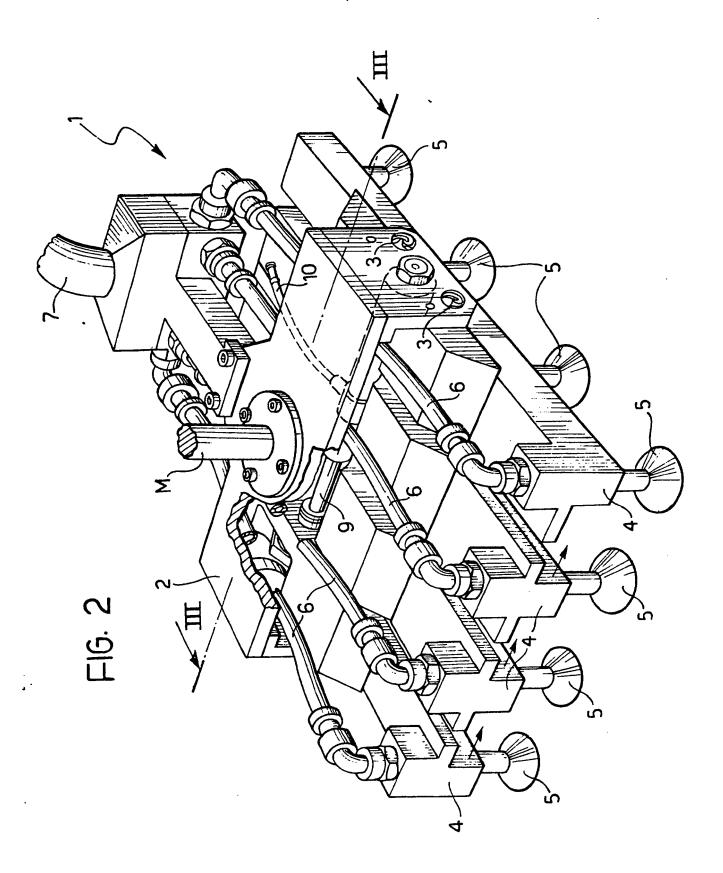
characterised in that each of the support members (4a) is divided into at least two parts (4a, 4b) which can move towards and away from each other, each of the at least two parts (4a, 4b) carrying at least one associated respective pick-up member (5).

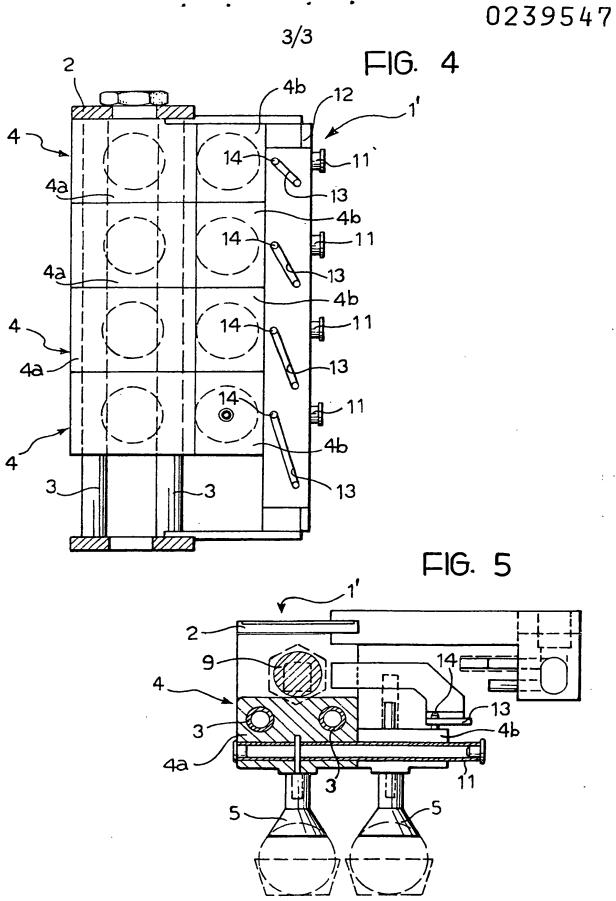
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- 6. Device according to Claim 5, characterised in that movement transmission members (13, 14) are provided which, as a result of the relative movements of the support members (4), can cause a corresponding relative movement of the at least two parts (4a, 4b) into which each support member (4) is divided.
- 7. Device according to Claim 6, characterised in that each support member (4) carries associated ramp parts (13) which, as a result of the relative movements of the support members (4), can cause a corresponding relative movement of the at least two parts (4a, 4b) into which each support member (4) is divided.
- Device according Claim to 2 and Claim 7. characterised in that at least one slot is provided in .50 the frame (2) for each support member (4), having profiled edges (13) acting as ramp parts (13), and in that at least one of the parts (4a, 4b) which each support member (4) is divided has an appendage (14) which can slidingly cooperate with the 25 profiled edges of the slot (13).
 - 9. Pick-up device according to any one of the preceding claims, characterised in that the pick-up members (5) are of the suction type (6, 7).









EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

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EP 87 83 0054

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category		vith indication, where appropriate, evant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.4)
x	GB-A-1 019 806 * Page 1, line 99; figures 1,2	81 - page 2, line	1,2,4-	B 65 B 35/38
x	US-A-3 374 600 * Column 4, line line 70; figures	68 - column 5,	1-4,9	
				TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. CI.4)
				В 65 В
	The present search report has b	een drawn up for all claims		
Place of search THE HAGUE Date of completion of the search 29-06-1987		JAGUS	Examiner IAK A.H.G.	
Y : part doc A : tech O : non	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCL ticularly relevant if taken alone ticularly relevant if combined w ument of the same category analogical background -written disclosure rmediate document	E : earlier pat after the fi ith another D : document L : document	ent document, b ling date cited in the app cited for other r	ring the invention but published on, or lication easons at family, corresponding